

# Chapter 2 Intelligent Agents

CS4811 - Artificial Intelligence

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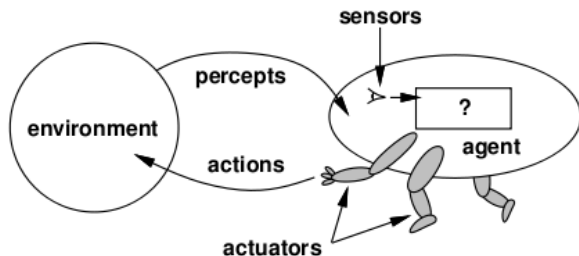
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# Outline

Agents and environments

Agent types

# Agents and environments

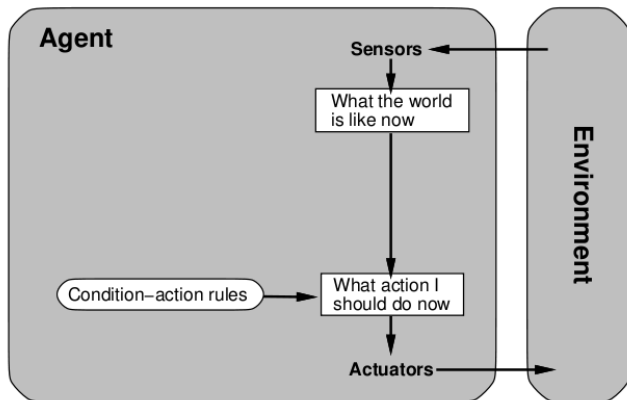


- ▶ Agents include humans, robots, softbots, thermostats, etc.
- ▶ The agent function maps percept histories to actions:  
 $f : P^* \rightarrow A$
- ▶ The agent program runs on the physical architecture to produce  $f$

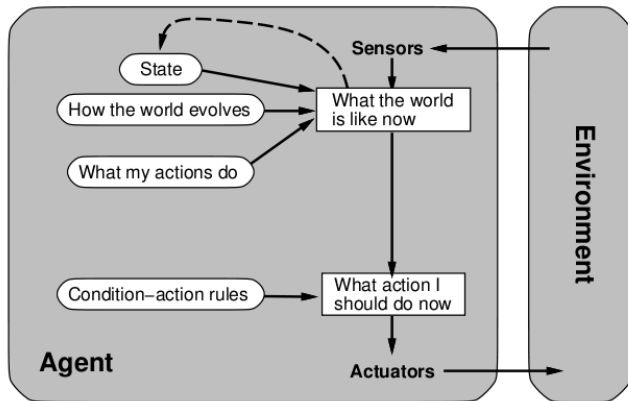
# Agent types

- ▶ Four basic types in order of increasing generality
  - ▶ simple reflex agents
  - ▶ reflex agents with state
  - ▶ goal-based agents
  - ▶ utility-based agents
- ▶ All of these can be turned into learning agents

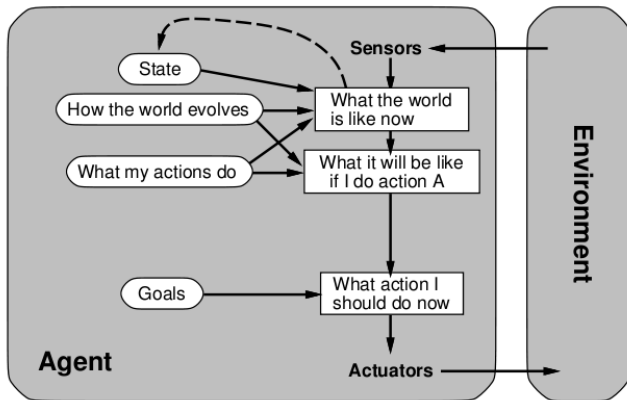
# Simple reflex agents



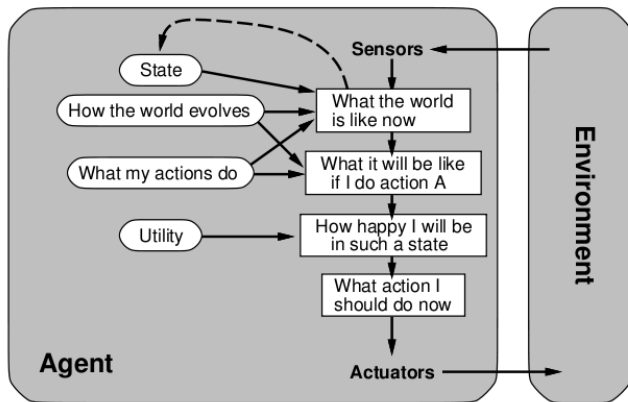
# Reflex agents with state



# Goal-based agents

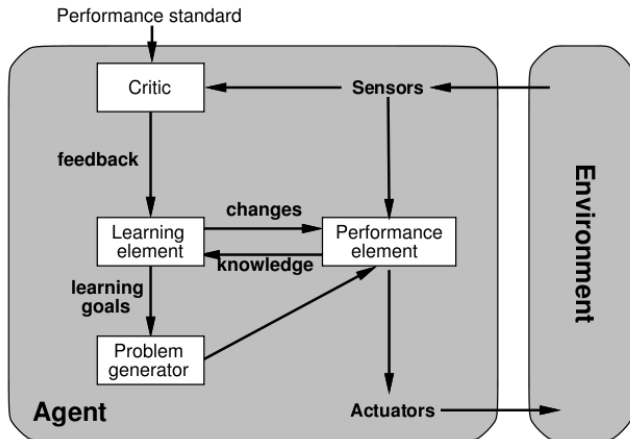


# Utility-based agents





# Learning agents



# Summary

- ▶ Agents interact with environments through actuators and sensors
- ▶ The agent function describes what the agent does in all circumstances
- ▶ The performance measure evaluates the environment sequence
- ▶ A perfectly rational agent maximizes expected performance
- ▶ Agent programs implement (some) agent functions
- ▶ Task environments are categorized along several dimensions: observable?, deterministic?, episodic?, static?, discrete?, single-agent?
- ▶ Several basic agent architectures exist: reflex, reflex with state, goal-based, utility-based

## Sources for the slides

- ▶ AIMA textbook (3<sup>rd</sup> edition)
- ▶ AIMA slides (<http://aima.cs.berkeley.edu/>)