The answers must be the original work of the author. While discussion with others is permitted and encouraged, the final work should be done individually. You are not allowed to work in groups. You are allowed to build on the material supplied in the class. Any other source must be specified clearly.

1. (10 points) For each of the following regular expressions over $\{a, b\}$, give the minimal length (shortest) string that is not in the language defined by the expression.
(a) $(a a)^{*}(b b)^{*} a^{*}$
(b) $a^{*}(b a)^{*} \cup b \cup a b \cup a a b$
(c) $\left(a^{*} \cup b^{*}\right)\left(a^{*} \cup b^{*}\right)\left(a^{*} \cup b^{*}\right)$
2. (30 points) Let $L$ over $\Sigma=\{v, a, r, 1,2\}$ be the language where every string starts with a number and every $v$ is followed by ar.
(a) Give a recursive definition for $L$.
(b) Give a regular set for $L$.
(c) Give a regular expression for L .
3. (50 points) Give a regular expression for the following languages.
(a) The set of strings over $\{1,2,3, a, b, c\}$ that start and end with a number. Consider only strings with length greater than 1 .
(b) The set of strings over $\{1,2,3, a, b, c\}$ that start with an alphabetical character and contains substring 123 .
(c) The set of strings over $\{1,2,3, a, b, c\}$ that contains exactly two numbers and the sum of the numbers is even.
(d) The set of strings over $\{1,2,3, a\}$ that do not begin with 123 .
(e) The set of strings over $\{a, b, c\}$ in which all the $a$ 's precede the $b$ 's, which in turn precede the $c$ 's. It is possible that there are no $a$ 's, or $b$ 's, or $c$ 's, but $\lambda$ is not in the language.
4. (10 points) Consider the following grammar $G$ over $\Sigma=\{a, b, c, d, e\}$ :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& S \rightarrow a S b b \mid A \\
& A \rightarrow c d A|\lambda| e e
\end{aligned}
$$

(a) Give a derivation for a terminal string such that the $S \rightarrow a S b b$ rule is used exactly twice, and the $A \rightarrow c d A$ rule is also used exactly three times during the derivation. Make sure to use other rules to obtain a string that contains only terminal characters.
(b) Use set notation to define the language generated by the grammar.

